

According to European Regulation (EC) No.1097/2006 (REACH) Article 31, Annex II as amended CARBON DIOXIDE- CO2, Compressed Gas

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SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name: Carbon dioxide

Other Name: R744

Additional identification

Chemical name: Carbon dioxide

Chemical formula: CO2
INDEX No. -

CAS-No. 124-38-9 EC No. 204-696-9

REACH Registration No. Listed in Annex IV/V of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH),

exempted from registration.

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses: Industrial and professional. Perform risk assessment prior to use.

Aerosol propellant. Balance gas for mixtures. Beverage applications. Biocidal uses. Blanketing gas. Blast cleaning. Calibration gas. Carrier gas.

Chemical synthesis. Combustion, melting and cutting processes.

Cooling applications. Fire suppressant gas. Food freezing. Food packaging gas. Freezing, Cooling and heat transfer. Inerting gas. Inflation systems. Laboratory use. Laser gas. Plant growth promoter. Pressure head gas, operational assist gas in pressure systems. Process gas. Purge gas. Refrigerant. Solvent for extraction. Special effects

(entertainment). Test gas.

Consumer use. Propellant gas. Shielding gas in gas welding. It is the responsibility of the end user to ensure that the product as

supplied is suitable for its intended use.

Uses advised against Industrial or technical grade unsuitable for medical and/or food

applications or inhalation.



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1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier

MOBIAK SA

Company

Kathiana, Akrotiri, Chania, PC 73 100 Crete, Greece

E-mail: mobiakgas@mobiak.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number: +30 2821063222

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 as amended.

Physical Hazards

Gases under pressure Liquefied gas H280: Contains gas under pressure; may explode if

heated.

Telephone: +30 2821063222

2.2 Label Elements



Signal Word: Warning

Hazard Statement(s): H280: Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

Precautionary Statements

General None.



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Prevention: None.

Response: None.

Storage: P403: Store in a well-ventilated place.

Disposal None.

Supplemental information

EIGA-As: Asphyxiant in high concentrations.

Unknown toxicity - Health

Acute toxicity, inhalation, gas 0 %

Unknown toxicity - Environment

Acute hazards to the aquatic

100 %

environment

Chronic hazards to the aquatic

100 %

environment

2.3 Other hazards

Contact with evaporating liquid may cause frostbite or freezing of skin.

Endocrine disrupting properties-Toxicity

The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Endocrine disrupting properties-Ecotoxicity

The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.



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SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substances

Chemical name Carbon dioxide

INDEX No.:

CAS-No.: 124-38-9 EC No.: 204-696-9

REACH Registration No.: Listed in Annex IV/V of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH), exempted

from registration.

Purity: 100%

The purity of the substance in this section is used for classification only, and does not represent the actual purity of the substance as supplied, for which

other documentation should be consulted.

Trade name :

Chemical name	Chemical	Concentration	CAS-No. E	C No. F	REACH	M-Factor:	Notes
	formula				Registration		
					No.		
Carbon dioxide	CO2	100%	124-38-9	204-696-9	Listed in	_	#
					Annex IV/V		
					of		
					Regulation		
					(EC) No		
					1907/2006		
					(REACH),		
					exempted		
					from		
					registration.		

The concentrations of the components in the SDS header, product name on page one and in section 3.2 are in mol due to regulatory requirements. All concentrations are nominal.

[#] This substance has workplace exposure limit(s).

^{##} This substance is listed as SVHC.PBT: persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic substance.

vPvB: very persistent and very bioaccumulative substance.



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SECTION 4: First aid measures

General: In high concentrations may cause asphyxiation. Symptoms may include loss

of mobility/consciousness. Victim may not be aware of asphyxiation. Remove victim to uncontaminated area wearing self contained breathing apparatus. Keep victim warm and rested. Call a doctor. Apply artificial

respiration if breathing stopped.

4.1 Description of first aid measures

In high concentrations may cause asphyxiation. Symptoms may include loss

of mobility/consciousness. Victim may not be aware of asphyxiation. Remove victim to uncontaminated area wearing self contained breathing apparatus. Keep victim warm and rested. Call a doctor. Apply artificial respiration if breathing stopped. Low concentrations of CO2 cause

increased respiration and headache.

Eye contact: Rinse the eye with water immediately. Remove contact lenses, if present

and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Flush thoroughly with water for at least 15 minutes. Get immediate medical assistance. If medical assistance is not

immediately available, flush an additional 15 minutes.

Skin Contact: Contact with evaporating liquid may cause frostbite or freezing of skin.

Ingestion: Ingestion is not considered a potential route of exposure.

4.2 Most important symptoms

and effects, both acute and

Respiratory arrest. Contact with liquefied gas can cause damage (frostbite) due to rapid evaporative cooling.

delayed:

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Hazards: Respiratory arrest. Contact with liquefied gas can cause damage (frostbite)

due to rapid evaporative cooling.

Treatment: Thaw frosted parts with lukewarm water. Do not rub affected area. Get

immediate medical advice/attention.



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SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

General Fire Hazards: Heat may cause the containers to explode.

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media:

Material will not burn. In case of fire in the surroundings: use appropriate

extinguishing agent.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media:

None.

5.2 Special hazards arising from

the substance or mixture:

None.

Hazardous Combustion

Products:

None.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special fire -fighting

procedures:

In case of fire: Stop leak if safe to do so. Continue water spray from protected position until container stays cool. Use extinguishants to contain

the fire. Isolate the source of the fire or let it burn out.

Special protective

equipment for fire-fighters:

Firefighters must use standard protective equipment including flame retardant coat, helmet with face shield, gloves, rubber boots, and in

enclosed spaces, SCBA.

Guideline: EN 469 Protective clothing for firefighters. Performance requirements for protective clothing for firefighting. EN 15090 Footwear for firefighters. EN 659 Protective gloves for firefighters. EN 443 Helmets for fire fighting in buildings and other structures. EN 137 Respiratory protective devices - Self-contained open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus

with full face mask - Requirements, testing, marking.



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SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:

Evacuate area. Provide adequate ventilation. Prevent from entering sewers, basements and workpits, or any place where its accumulation can be dangerous. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus when entering area unless atmosphere is proved to be safe. EN 137 Respiratory protective devices - Self-contained open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus with full face mask - Requirements, testing, marking.

6.2 Environmental Precautions:

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning

Provide adequate ventilation.

up:

6.4 Reference to other sections : Refer to sections 8 and 13.



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SECTION 7: Handling and storage :

7.1 Precautions for safe handling:

Only experienced and properly instructed persons should handle gases under pressure. Use only properly specified equipment which is suitable for this product, its supply pressure and temperature. Refer to supplier's handling instructions. The substance must be handled in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures. Protect containers from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide or drop. Do not remove or deface labels provided by the supplier for the identification of the container contents. When moving containers, even for short distances, use appropriate equipment eq. trolley, hand truck, fork truck etc. Secure cylinders in an upright position at all times, close all valves when not in use. Provide adequate ventilation. Suck back of water into the container must be prevented. Do not allow backfeed into the container. Avoid suckback of water, acid and alkalis. Keep container below 50°C in a well ventilated place. Observe all regulations and local requirements regarding storage of containers. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Store in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations. Never use direct flame or electrical heating devices to raise the pressure of a container. Leave valve protection caps in place until the container has been secured against either a wall or bench or placed in a container stand and is ready for use. Damaged valves should be reported immediately to the supplier Close container valve after each use and when empty, even if still connected to equipment. Never attempt to repair or modify container valves or safety relief devices. Replace valve outlet caps or plugs and container caps where supplied as soon as container is disconnected from equipment. Keep container valve outlets clean and free from contaminates particularly oil and water. If user experiences any difficulty operating container valve discontinue use and contact supplier. Never attempt to transfer gases from one container to another. Container valve guards or caps should be in place. Depressurisation of liquid CO2 below approximately 5 bar can create solid CO2 which may block protective devices, pipework and create dry-ice within containers. Containers, which contain or have contained flammable or explosive substances, must not be inerted with liquid carbon dioxide.



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7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:

Containers should not be stored in conditions likely to encourage corrosion. Stored containers should be periodically checked for general conditions and leakage. Container valve guards or caps should be in place. Store containers in location free from fire risk and away from sources of heat and ignition. Keep away from combustible material.

7.3 Specific end use(s): None.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control Parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits

Chemical name	Туре	Form of exposure	Exposure Limit Values		Source
Carbon dioxide	TWA		5.000 ppm	9.000 mg/m3	EU. Indicative Occupational Exposure Limit Values in Directives 91/322/EEC, 2000/39/EC, 2006/15/EC, 2009/161/EU, 2017/164/EU, as amended (12 2009)
	TWA		5.000 ppm	9.000 mg/m3	EU. Indicative Occupational Exposure Limit Values in Directives 91/322/EEC, 2000/39/EC, 2006/15/EC, 2009/161/EU, 2017/164/EU, as amended (12 2009)
	STEL 15 minutes		5.000 ppm	54.000 mg/m3	Greece. OELs, Presidential Decree No. 307/1986, as amended (08 2018)
	TWA		5.000 ppm	9.000 mg/m3	Greece. OELs, Presidential Decree No. 307/1986, as amended (09 2001)

Please refer to the latest edition of the appropriate source text and consult an industrial hygienist or similar professional, or local agencies, for further information.

Biological Limit Values

No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).



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8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls:

Consider a work permit system e.g. for maintenance activities. Ensure adequate air ventilation. Oxygen detectors should be used when asphyxiating gases may be released. Provide adequate ventilation, including appropriate local extraction, to ensure that the defined occupational exposure limit is not exceeded. Systems under pressure should be regularly checked for leakages. Preferably use permanent leak tight connections (eg. welded pipes). Do not eat, drink or smoke when using the product. CO2 detectors should be used when CO2 may be released.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

General information: A risk assessment should be conducted and documented in each work area

to assess the risks related to the use of the product and to select the PPE that matches the relevant risk. The following recommendations should be considered. Keep self contained breathing apparatus readily available for emergency use. Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved.

Eye/face protection: Safety eyewear, goggles or face-shield to EN166 should be used to avoid

exposure to liquid splashes. Wear eye protection to EN 166 when using

gases.

Guideline: EN 166 Personal Eye Protection.

Skin protection

Hand Protection: Guideline: EN 388 Protective gloves against mechanical risks.

Additional Information: Wear working gloves while handling containers

Body protection: No special precautions.

Other: Wear safety shoes while handling containers

Guideline: ISO 20345 Personal protective equipment - Safety footwear.



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Respiratory Protection: When allowed by a risk assessment Respiratory Protective Equipment (RPE)

may be used The selection of the Respiratory Protective Device (RPD) must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected RPD. Self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) or positive pressure airline with mask are to be

used in oxygen-deficient atmospheres

Guideline: EN 137 Respiratory protective devices - Self-contained open-

circuit compressed air breathing apparatus with full face mask -

Requirements, testing, marking.

Thermal hazards: No precautionary measures are necessary.

Hygiene measures: Specific risk management measures are not required beyond good

industrial hygiene and safety procedures. Do not eat, drink or smoke when

using the product.

Environmental exposure

controls:

For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state: Gas

Form: Liquefied gas
Color: Colorless
Odor: Odorless

Odor Threshold: Odor threshold is subjective and is inadequate to warn of

over exposure.

Melting Point: -69,9 °F/-56,6 °C

Boiling Point: -71 °F/-57 °C (5,2 bar)

Flammability: This product is not flammable.

Upper/lower limit on flammability or explosive limits

Explosive limit - upper: Not applicable



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Explosive limit - lower: Not applicable

Flash Point: Not applicable to gases and gas mixtures.

Autoignition Temperature : Not applicable.

Decomposition Temperature: Not known.

pH: Not applicable

Viscosity

Dynamic viscosity: 0,07 mPa.s (68 °F/20 °C)

Kinematic viscosity: No data available.

Solubility(ies)

Solubility in Water: 2,900 mg/l (77 °F/25 °C)

Solubility (other): No data available.

Partition coefficient (n- 0,83

octanol/water):

Dispersion Stability: No data available.

Vapor pressure: 45,1 bar (50 °F/10 °C)

Relative density: No data available.

Density: 0,771 g/cm3 (68,0 °F/20,0 °C)

0,7895 g/cm3 (122,0 °F/50,0 °C)

Relative vapor density: 1,522 70 °F/21 °C Particle characteristics: Not applicable

9.2 Other information

Flammability: Ki: 1,5

Sublimation Point: -109,3 °F/-78,5 °C Molecular weight: 44,01 g/mol (CO2)

Critical Temp. (°C) : 31,0 °C



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SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity: No reactivity hazard other than the effects described in sub-section below.

10.2 Chemical Stability: Stable under normal conditions.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous

reactions:

None.

10.4 Conditions to avoid: None.

10.5 Incompatible Materials: No reaction with any common materials in dry or wet conditions.

10.6 Hazardous Decomposition

Products:

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition

products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

General information: In high concentrations may cause rapid circulatory deterioration even at

normal levels of oxygen concentration. Symptoms are headache, nausea and vomiting, which may lead to unconsciousness and even death.

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity - Oral

Product Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Acute toxicity - Dermal

Product Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.



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Acute toxicity - Inhalation

Product Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Product Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation

Product Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Respiratory or Skin Sensitization

Product Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

Product Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Product Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity

Product Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure

Product Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure

Product Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration Hazard

Product Not applicable to gases and gas mixtures..

11.2 Information on other hazards

Endocrine disrupting properties

Product: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have

endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission

Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.;



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Components:

Carbon dioxide The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have

endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission

Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.;

Other information

Product: No data available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

General information: Not applicable

12.1 Toxicity

Acute toxicity

Product No ecological damage caused by this product.

12.2 Persistence and Degradability

Product Not applicable to gases and gas mixtures..

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product The subject product is expected to biodegrade and is not expected to persist

for long periods in an aquatic environment.

12.4 Mobility in soil

Product Because of its high volatility, the product is unlikely to cause ground or water

pollution.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

Product Not classified as PBT or vPvB.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties:



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Product: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have

endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission

Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Components:

Carbon dioxide The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have

endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission

Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

12.7 Other adverse effects:

Other hazards

Product: No data available.

Other effects: No ecological damage caused by this product.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

General information: Do not discharge into any place where its accumulation could be

dangerous. Vent to atmosphere in a well ventilated place.

Disposal methods: Refer to the EIGA code of practice (Doc.30 "Disposal of Gases",

downloadable at http://www.eiga.org) for more guidance on suitable disposal methods. Dispose of container via supplier only. Discharge, treatment, or disposal may be subject to national, state, or local laws.

European Waste Codes

Container: 16 05 05: Gases in pressure containers other than those mentioned in 16

05 04.



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SECTION 14: Transport information

ADR

14.1 UN number or ID number: UN 1013

14.2 UN Proper Shipping Name: CARBON DIOXIDE

14.3 Transport Hazard Class(es)

Class: 2
Label(s): 2.2
Hazard No. (ADR): 20
Tunnel restriction code: (C/E)

14.4 Packing Group:

Limited quantity

Excepted quantity

None.

14.5 Environmental hazards: Not applicable

14.6 Special precautions for user:

RID

14.1 UN number or ID number: UN 1013

14.2 UN Proper Shipping Name CARBON DIOXIDE

14.3 Transport Hazard Class(es)

Class: 2
Label(s): 2.2

14.4 Packing Group: –
Limited quantity Nor

Limited quantity None. Excepted quantity None.

14.5 Environmental hazards: Not applicable

14.6 Special precautions for user: –



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IMDG

14.1 UN number or ID number: UN 1013

14.2 UN Proper Shipping Name: CARBON DIOXIDE

14.3 Transport Hazard Class(es)

 Class:
 2.2

 Label(s):
 2.2

 EmS No.:
 F-C, S-V

14.4 Packing Group:

Limited quantity None. Excepted quantity None.

14.5 Environmental hazards: Not applicable

14.6 Special precautions for user: –

IATA

14.1 UN number or ID number: UN 101314.2 Proper Shipping Name: Carbon dioxide

14.3 Transport Hazard Class(es):

Class: 2.2
Label(s): 2.2

14.4 Packing Group: –
Limited quantity None.

Excepted quantity None.

14.5 Environmental hazards: Not applicable

14.6 Special precautions for user:

Other information

Passenger and cargo aircraft: Allowed. Cargo aircraft only: Allowed.

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments Not applicable for product as supplied.



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Additional identification:

Avoid transport on vehicles where the load space is not separated from the driver's compartment. Ensure vehicle driver is aware of the potential hazards of the load and knows what to do in the event of an accident or an emergency. Before transporting product containers ensure that they are firmly secured. Ensure that the container valve is closed and not leaking. Container valve guards or caps should be in place. Ensure adequate air ventilation.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture:

EU Regulations

EU. REACH Annex XIV, Substances Subject to Authorization as amended: None present or none present in regulated quantities.

Regulation (EU) No. 649/2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals, Annex I, Part 1 as amended: None present or none present in regulated quantities.

Regulation (EU) No. 649/2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals, Annex I, Part 2 as amended: None present or none present in regulated quantities.

Regulation (EU) No. 649/2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals, Annex I, Part 3 as amended: None present or none present in regulated quantities.

Regulation (EU) No. 649/2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals, Annex V as amended: None present or none present in regulated quantities.

EU. Directive 2012/18/EU (SEVESO III) on major accident hazards involving dangerous substances, Annex I:

Not applicable



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National Regulations

Council Directive 89/391/EEC on the introduction of measures to encourage improvements in the safety and health of workers at work Directive 2016/425/EEC on personal protective equipment Only products that comply with the food regulations (EC) No. 1333/2008 and (EU) No. 231/2012 and are labelled as such may be used as food additives.

This Safety Data Sheet has been produced to comply with Regulation (EU)

2020/878.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment:

Listed in Annex IV/V of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH), exempted from registration. A CSA does not need to be carried out for this product.

SECTION 16: Other information

Revision Information: Relevant changes are indicated using two vertical bold lines and red text, the

text is also highlighted in grey.

Abbreviations and acronyms:

ECTLV: EU. Indicative Occupational Exposure Limit Values in Directives 91/322/EEC,

2000/39/EC, 2006/15/EC, 2009/161/EU, 2017/164/EU, as amended

GR OEL: Greece. OELs, Presidential Decree No. 307/1986, as amended

ECTLV / TWA: Time Weighted Average (TWA):
GR OEL / STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit (STEL):
GR OEL / TWA: Time Weighted Average (TWA):

ADN - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways; ADR - Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road; AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CLP - Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECHA - European Chemicals Agency; EC-Number - European Community number; ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; EIGA - European Industrial Gases Association; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport



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Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC -Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO -International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL -International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NO(A)EC -No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; SVHC - substance of very high concern; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TRGS - Technical Rule for Hazardous Substances; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative



According to European Regulation (EC) No.1097/2006 (REACH) Article 31, Annex II as amended CARBON DIOXIDE- CO2, Compressed Gas

Key literature references and sources for data:

Various sources of data have been used in the compilation of this SDS, they include but are not exclusive to:

Agency for Toxic Substances and Diseases Registry (ATSDR)

(http://www.atsdr.cdc.gov/).

European Chemical Agency: Guidance on the Compilation of Safety Data Sheets.

European Chemical Agency: Information on Registered Substances http://apps.echa.europa.eu/registered/registered-sub.aspx#search European Industrial Gases Association (EIGA) Doc. 169 "Classification and Labelling guide", as amended.

International Programme on Chemical Safety (http://www.inchem.org/) ISO 10156:2010 Gases and gas mixtures - Determination of fire potential and oxidizing ability for the selection of cylinder valve outlets.

Matheson Gas Data Book, 7th Edition.

National Institute for Standards and Technology (NIST) Standard Reference Database Number 69.

The ESIS (European chemical Substances 5 Information System) platform of the former European Chemicals Bureau (ECB) ESIS

(http://ecb.jrc.ec.europa.eu/esis/).

The European Chemical Industry Council (CEFIC) ERICards.

United States of America's National Library of Medicine's toxicology data network TOXNET (http://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov/index.html)

Threshold Limit Values (TLV) from the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH).

Substance specific information from suppliers.

Details given in this document are believed to be correct at the time of publication.

Wording of the H-statements in section 2 and 3

4		
-	11000	
-	H280	Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
ı	11200	Contains gas under pressure, may explode it fleated.

Training information:

Users of breathing apparatus must be trained. The hazard of asphyxiation is often overlooked and must be stressed during operator training. Ensure operators understand the hazards.



According to European Regulation (EC) No.1097/2006 (REACH) Article 31, Annex II as amended CARBON DIOXIDE- CO₂, Compressed Gas

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Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 as amended.

Press. Gas Liq. Gas, H280

Other information: Before using this product in any new process or experiment, a thorough

material compatibility and safety study should be carried out. Ensure adequate air ventilation. Ensure all national/local regulations are observed. Whilst proper care has been taken in the preparation of this document, no

liability for injury or damage resulting from its use can be accepted.

Last revised date: 11.01.2024

Disclaimer: This information is provided without warranty. The information is believed to

be correct. This information should be used to make an independent determination of the methods to safeguard workers and the environment.